



The CCCma sub-seasonal to decadal forecasting system

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CCCma seasonal to interannual forecasts

- Current EC operational system "HFP2" is two-tier
 - future SST's = persisted anomalies
 - cannot predict El Niño (or La Niña)
 - no dynamical forecast beyond 4 months
- CCCma coupled forecasting system
 - developed under CFCAS support
 - future SST's *predicted* as part of forecast
 - forecasts to 12 months (+ decadal)
 - designed to function in an operational environment
 → Coupled Historical Forecasting Project v.2 (CHFP2)





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4 AGCMs: GCM2, GCM3, SEF, GEM

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 - → Coupled Historical Forecasting Project v.2 (CHFP2) 2 CGCMs: CanCM3, CanCM4





CHFP1 initialization











Model Improvement : ENSO

Observations: HadISST 1970-99





AGCM3+OGCM4 (CanCM3) CHFP2A



0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 1.1 1.2

AGCM3+OGCM3 (CGCM3.1/IPCC AR4) CHFP1



| 0 | 0 0 | .10 | .20 | .3 0 | .4 0 | .50 | .6 (|).7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|--|

AGCM4+OGCM4 (CanCM4) CHFP2B





Monthly SSTA standard deviation



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CHFP2 Atmospheric Data Assimilation

Incremental Reanalysis Update (IRU) assimilation:

- run model freely for 3h ("forecast")
- difference with reanalysis \rightarrow "centered" increments $\Delta \mathbf{x}^{a}$ •
- rewind, rerun for 6h, adding analysis increments as forcing to • model equations: $d\mathbf{x}$ $\dot{\mathbf{H}} = M(\mathbf{x}) + h(t)\Delta \mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{a}}$ dt R R R R 0h 3h 6h 12h 18h 9h 15h
 - To better reflect observational uncertainties in ensemble, "dial back" * assimilation **constant incremental nudging (CIN)**



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Benefits of IRU/CIN vs SST nudging

- accurate AGCM initialization \rightarrow essential for 1st month skill
- ensemble generation
- better land initialization
- better ocean initialization









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Impacts of AGCM assimilation on ocean initialization

Correlations vs obs in equatorial Pacific ($5S \rightarrow 5N$)





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CHFP2 Ocean Data Assimilation

T assimilation

- procedure of Tang et al. JGR 2004
- off-line variational assimilation of 3D gridded analyses

S assimilation

- procedure of Troccoli et al. MWR 2002
- preservation of T-S relationship: prevents spurious convection, etc.





CHFP2 initialization



CHFP2 contributions to international activities



GLACE-2 initial results

A coordinated effort to assess the role of land-surface initialization (including soil moisture) in forecast skill. Plots show anomaly correlation skill enhancement attributable to realistic land initial conditions

Ensemble of 10 seasonal forecast models (including CCCma)



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IPCC AR5: From projection to prediction



Schematic of the two focus areas of CMIP5

Taylor et al.: CMIP5 Experiment Design



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Decadal forecast results to 2015

ANN MAX MERIDIONAL V PSI NATL 26N(SV) annual means





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Correlation of forecast and analysis MOC anomalies

ANN MAX MERIDIONAL V PSI NATL 26N(SV) Correlation







CHFP2 operational setup



Further potential improvements (next generation)

- improved ocean data assimilation
- improved real-time land initialization
- bias removal through *spectral nudging*, which suppresses OGCM biases without damping interannual variability
- perhaps something similar for AGCM





Benefits of spectral nudging

SST biases

SST variability







