

*CMOS 2008 Congress
2008.5.25-29
Kelowna, BC*

Initialization of Coupled Seasonal Forecasts by Assimilation of an Ensemble of Ocean Reanalyses

Woo-Sung Lee, William J. Merryfield and Youmin Tang¹
CCCma, Univ. of Northern BC¹



Canadian Foundation for Climate
and Atmospheric Sciences (CFCAS)

Fondation canadienne pour les sciences
du climat et de l'atmosphère (FCSCA)

GOAPP

Global Ocean-Atmosphere
Prediction and Predictability

Background

Factors that limit the skill of SST seasonal forecasting

- ❖ Unpredictable nature of atmospheric synoptic variability
- ❖ Coupled model error
- ❖ Error in the estimate of the atmosphere initial state
- ❖ *Error in the estimate of the ocean initial state*

- Ocean Data Assimilation

(Ji and Leetma, 1997; Rosati *et al.*, 1997; Alves *et al.*, 2004)

Objectives

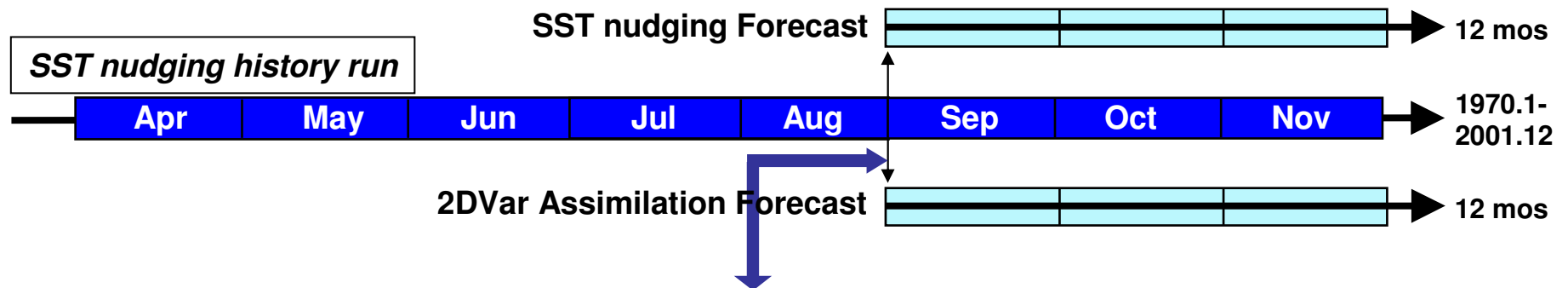
Ocean Data Assimilation

- ❖ Off-line 2 Dimensional Variational Scheme (Tang *et al.*, 2004) using existing reanalysis products
- ❖ Several *ocean reanalysis datasets* are available
 - Test the sensitivity to the assimilation
 - Contribute to generate an ensemble of ICs

Implement and Verify the initialization scheme by ocean data assimilation of multi-reanalysis.

Seasonal Retrospective Forecasts

- ❖ Model : CCCma CGCM3 (AGCM: T63L31 OGCM:1.4x0.94xL33)
- ❖ Period : 1980-2001 (22-year) Aug-initialization Forecast
- ❖ Experimental Design



Off-Line 2DVar Assimilation

- Variable : **3D Temperature**
- Background Error Covariance : $a \exp(-r^2/b^2)$ with $b = 570$ km
- Background field : Snapshots of history run
(initial condition for SST nudging forecast)
- Observation field : Reanalysis Data

Used Ocean Reanalysis Products

Acronym	Organization	Resolution				Scheme /Model	Reference
		Time	Longitude	Latitude	Depth		
GODAS (Global Ocean Data Assimilation System)	NOAA NCEP EMC CMB(Climate Modeling Branch)	Monthly (1980.1-2007.8)	DX = 1 (0.5E-0.5W)	DY=0.33 (74.5S-64.5N)	40 levels (5 -4478m)	3DVar/ MOM3	Behringer, D. W., and Y. Xue, 2004
SODA 1.4.2 (Simple Ocean Data Assimilation Reanalysis)	UMD/TAMU Reanalysis Product	Monthly (1958.1-2001.12)	DX = 0.5 (0.25E-0.25W)	DY = 0.5 (75.25S-89.25N)	40 levels (5-5374m)	POP	Carton, J.A., and B.S. Giese, 2006
SODA 1.4.3		Monthly (2000.1-2004.12)					
GFDL	GFDL Ocean Data Assimilation Experiment	Monthly (1960.1-2006.12)	DX= 1 (0.5E-0.5W)	DY= 1 – 0.33 (81.5S-89.5N)	50 levels (5-5316m)	3DVar/ MOM3	http://data1.gfdl.noaa.gov/nomads/forms/assimilation.html
INGV	Instituto Nazinale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia	Monthly (1962.1-2001.12)	DX= 1 (0.0E-1.0W)	DY=1 (89S-89N)	33 levels (0-5500m)	OI/ OPA	-ENACT project (http://www.ecmwf.int/research/EU_projects/ENACT/ocean_analyses/index.html)
ECMWF	European Center for Medium-range Weather Forecast	Monthly (1962.1-2003.12)				OI/ HOPE-E	
METUK	The Meteorological Office	Monthly (1960.1-2004.12)				Objective Analysis	

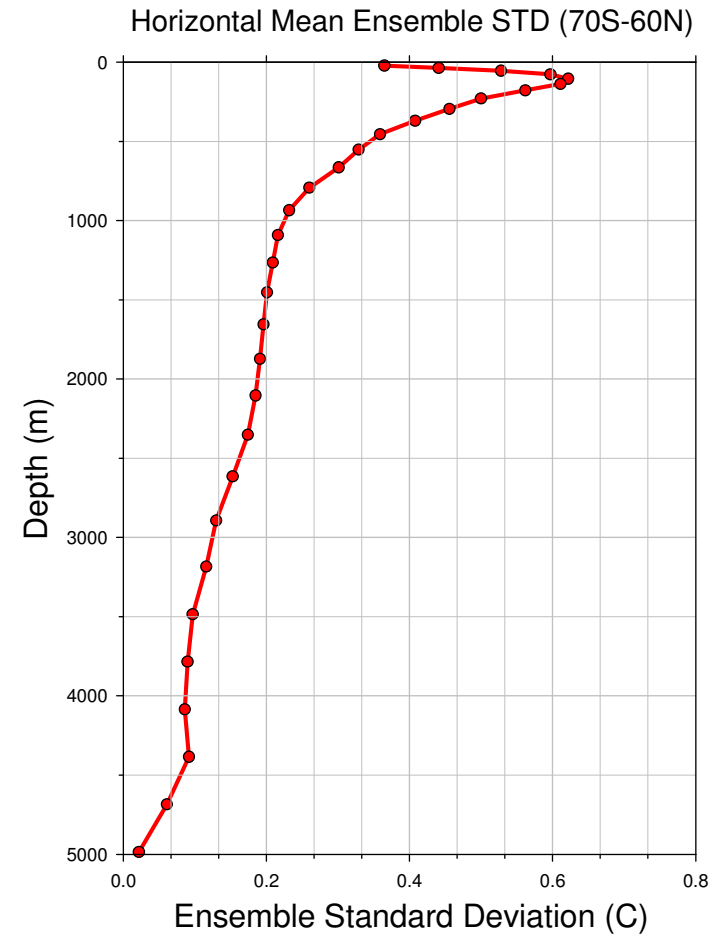
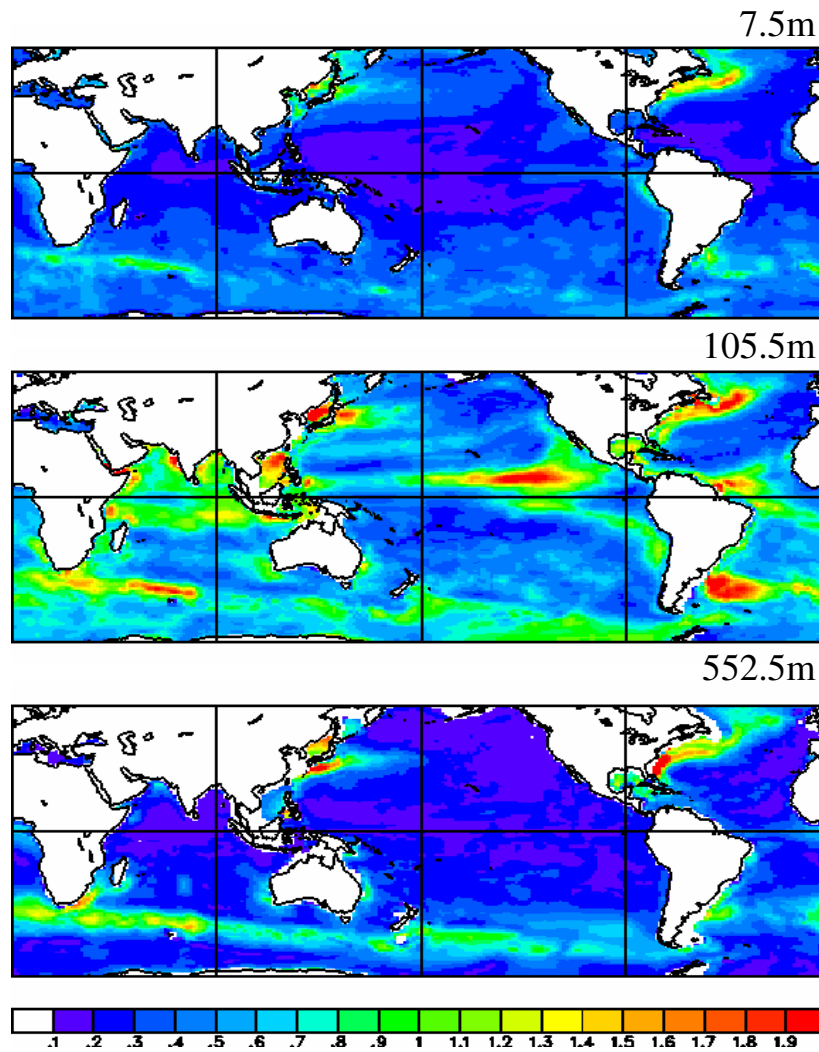
* 3D-ocean temperature, Grid data, at least over 20 year



*How different are the reanalyses
to be assimilated ?*

Intercomparison of Ocean Reanalysis Products

Time Mean Ensemble Standard Deviation(1980-2001)



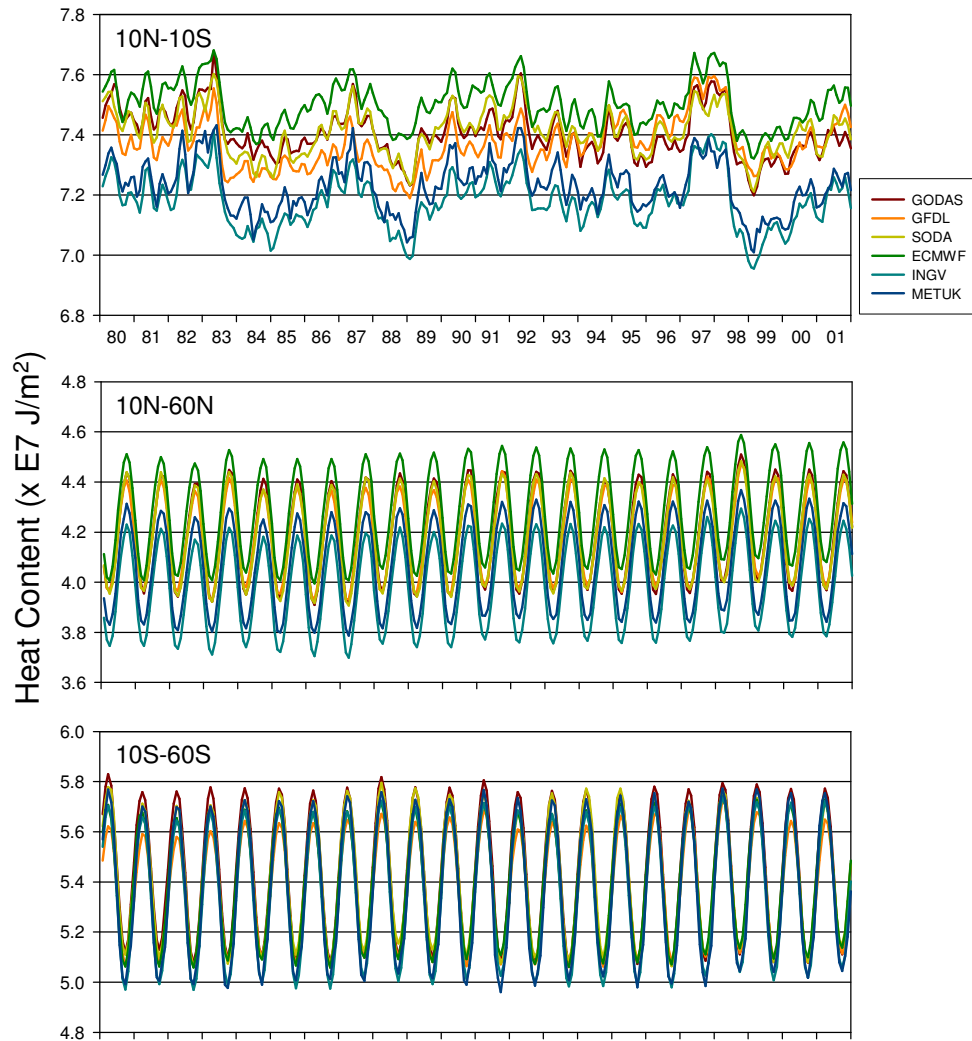
GCAPP



Intercomparison of Ocean Reanalysis Products

Variability of Upper Ocean(125m) Heat Content

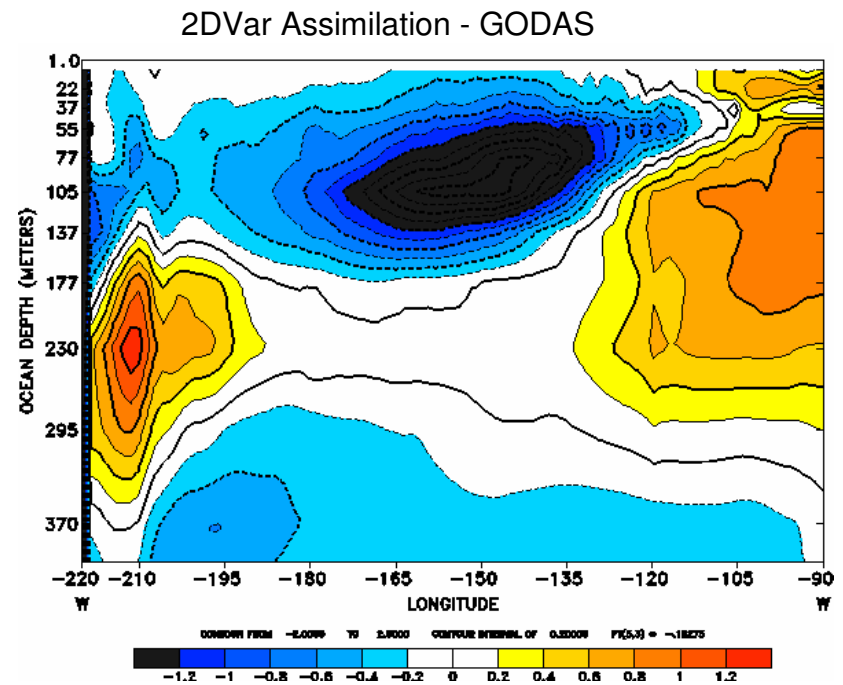
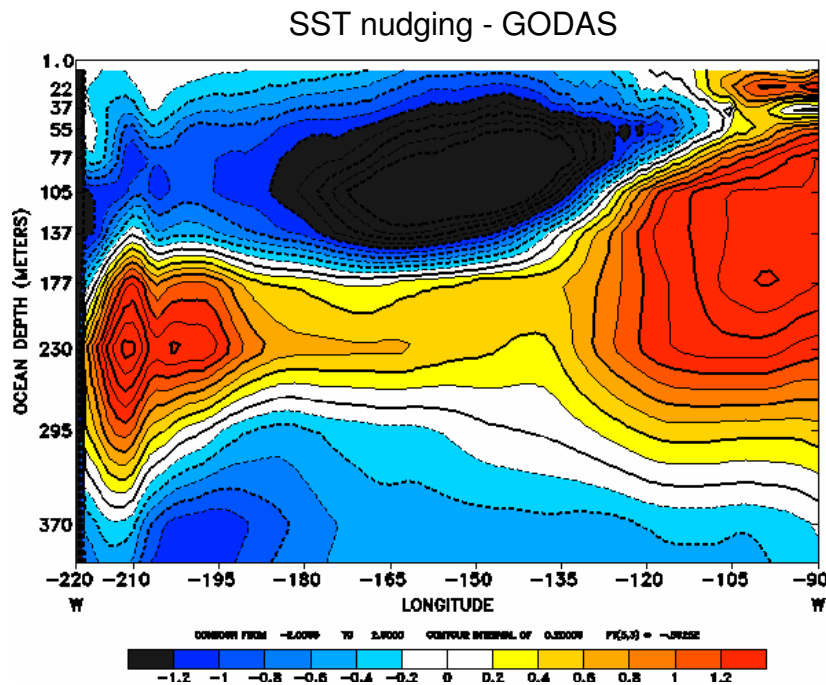
Multiple reanalysis can provide a diversity of ocean initial condition, within observational constraints



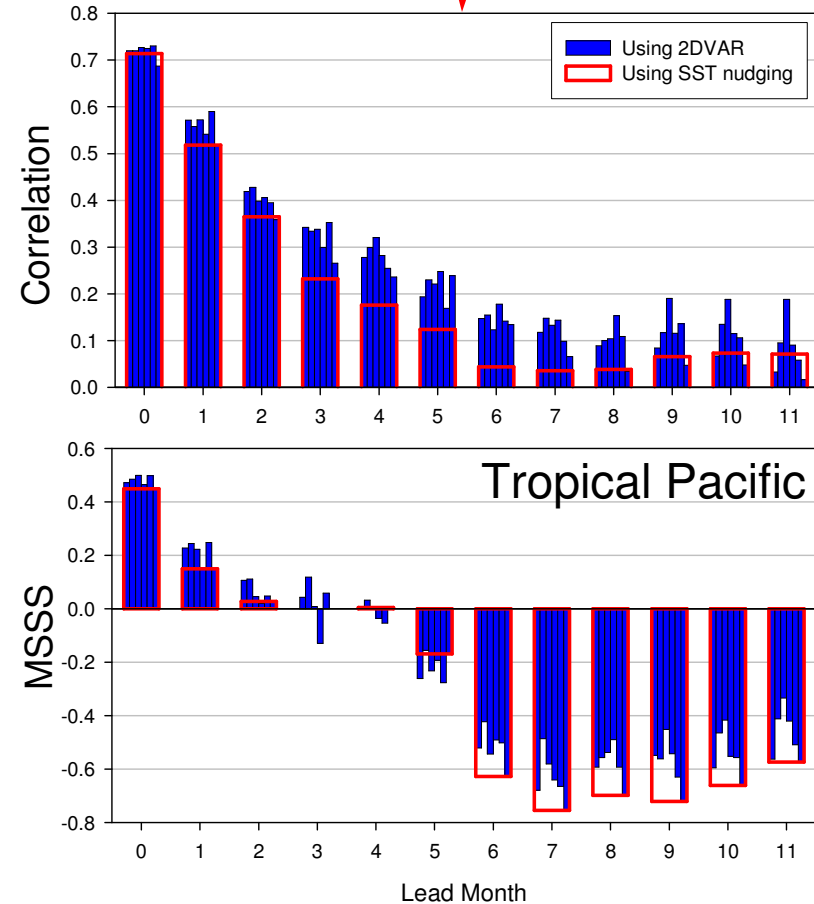
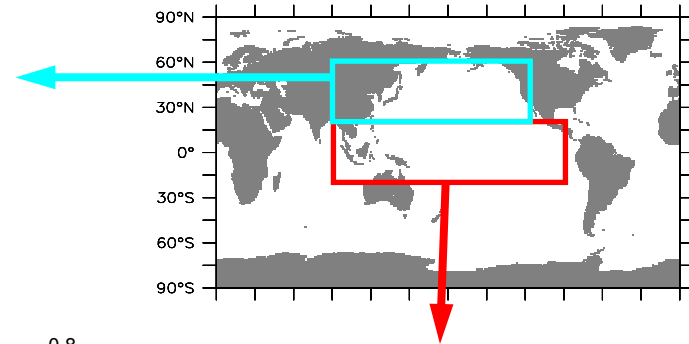
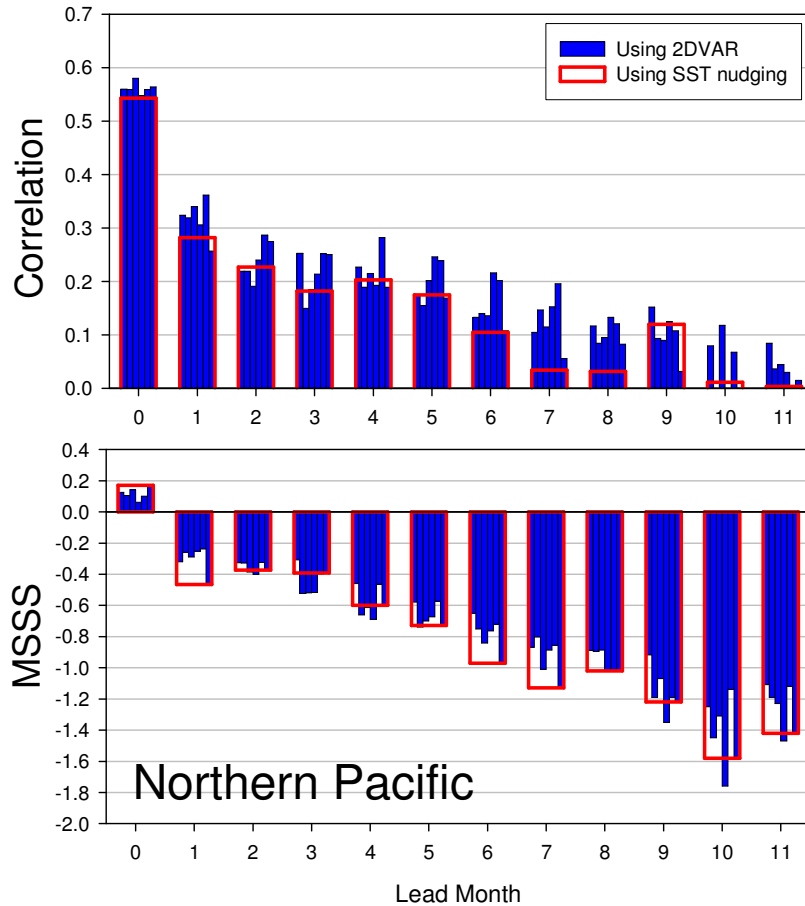
*What is impacts of ocean
assimilation on forecast skill ?*

Impact of ocean assimilation on forecast skill

Equatorial Pacific Temperature Bias vs Depth Nudging vs Assimilation Initial Conditions

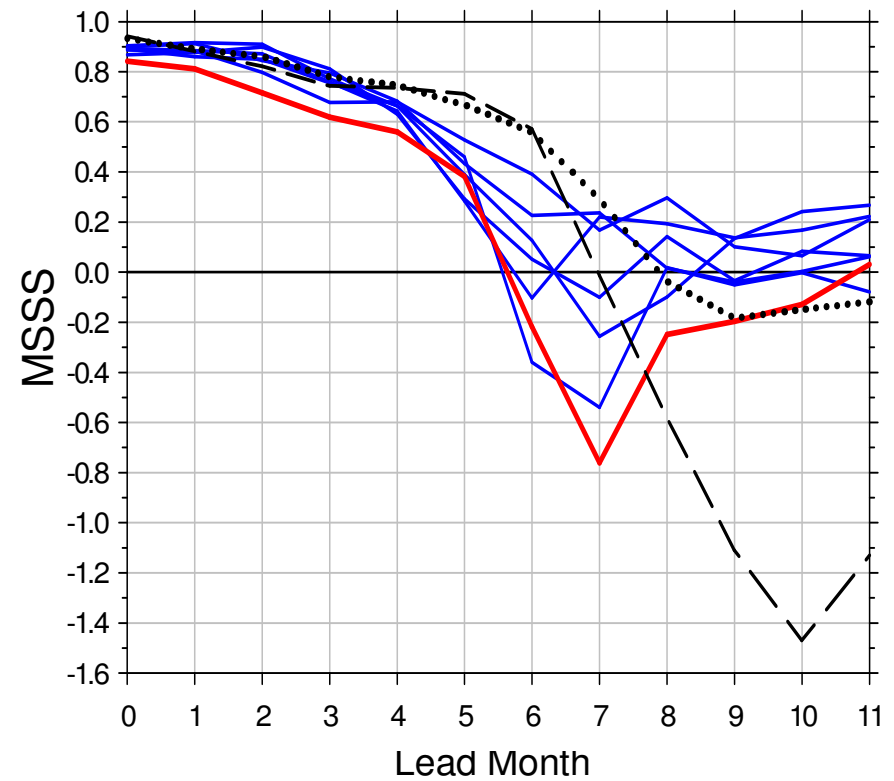
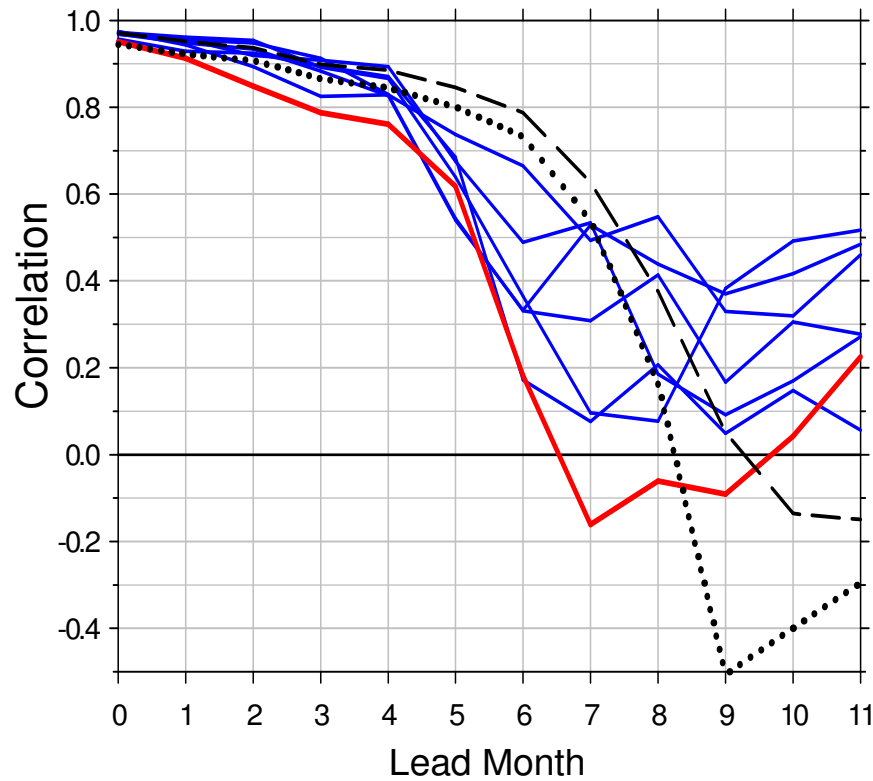


Impact of ocean assimilation on forecast skill



Impact of ocean assimilation on forecast skill

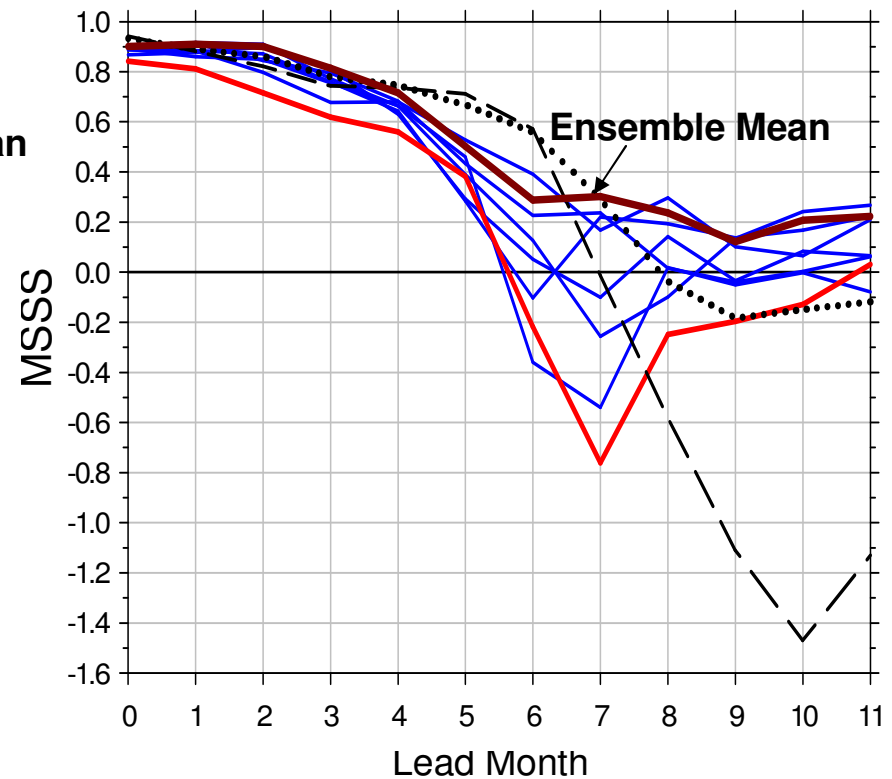
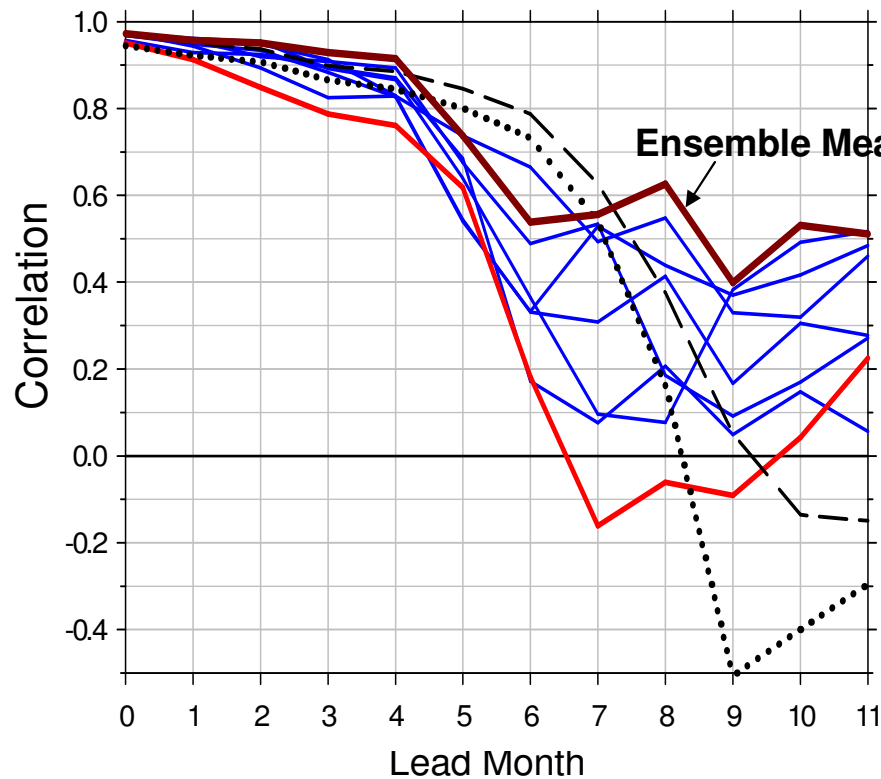
Skill in SST Anomaly Prediction Nino 3.4 (1980.9-2001.8)



— SST nudging — 2DVar - - Persistency Damped Persistency

Impact of ocean assimilation on forecast skill

Skill in SST Anomaly Prediction Nino 3.4 (1980.9-2001.8)



➔ **Multi-reanalysis ensemble forecast**

*Impact of different ensemble
generation strategies on quality of
ensemble forecast ?*

Evaluate of multi-reanalysis initialization

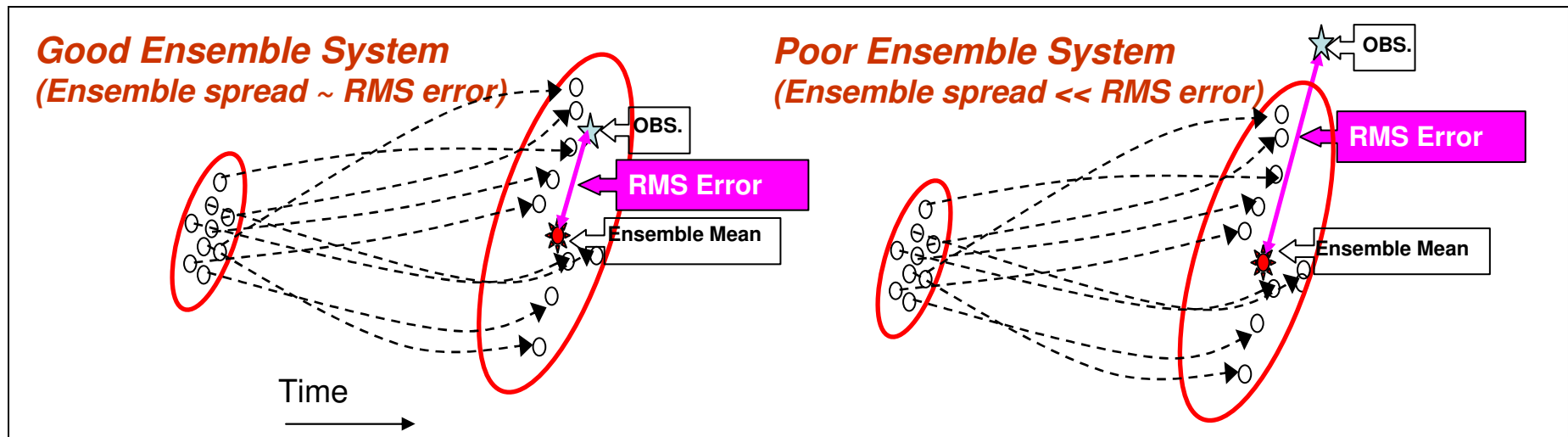
- ❖ Model : CCCma CGCM3 (AGCM: T63L31 OGCM:1.4x0.94xL33)
- ❖ Period : 1980-2001 (22-year) Aug-initialization Forecast
- ❖ Experimental Design

	MULTI-ANALYSIS						EXP_ATMOS						EXP_OCEAN						
Ensemble member	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Atmosphere Initial State	8/31						8/31	8/30	8/29	8/28	8/27	8/26	8/31						
Ocean Initial state	8/31						8/31						8/31	8/30	8/29	8/28	8/27	8/26	
Used Reanalysis Data for ocean assimilation	GODAS	ECMWF	GFDL	SODA	INGV	METUK	GODAS						GODAS						

Evaluate of multi-reanalysis initialization

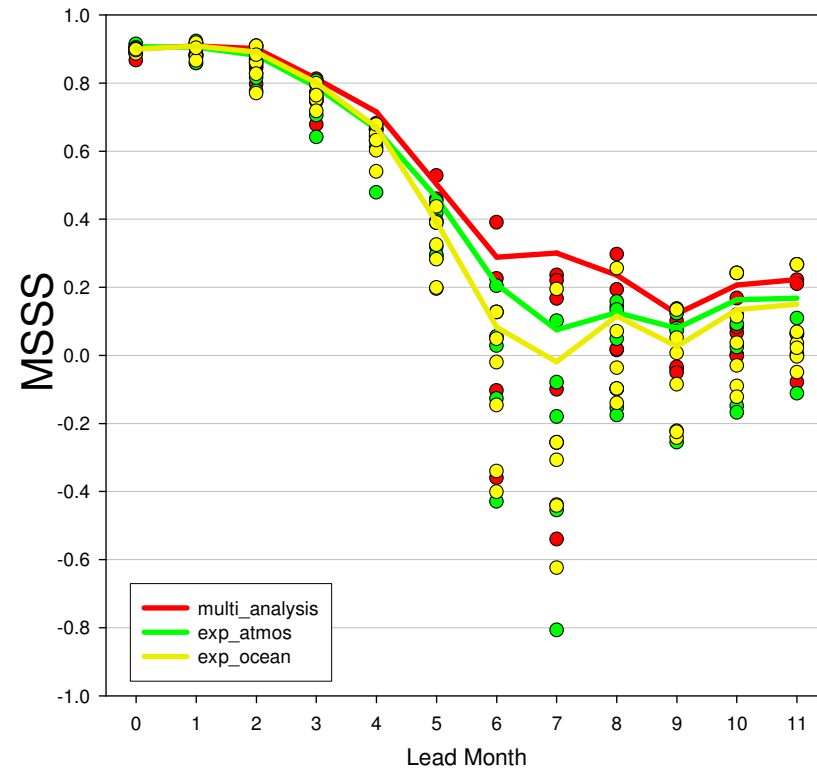
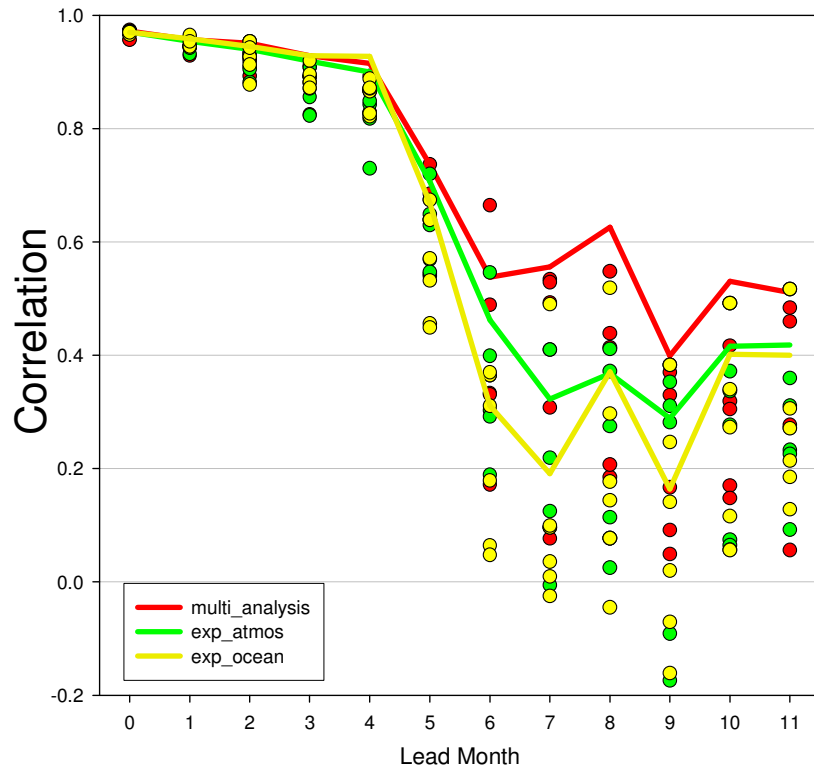
Desirable properties of a reliable ensemble system

- ❖ Superiority of ensemble mean forecast to individual ensemble members
- ❖ Ensemble spread -skill relation
 - Ensemble (RMS) spread \sim RMS Error of Ensemble mean
 - Small (Large) spread should indicate low forecast uncertainties more (less) confidence are given to the forecast



Evaluate of multi-reanalysis initialization

Skill in SST Prediction : Nino3.4

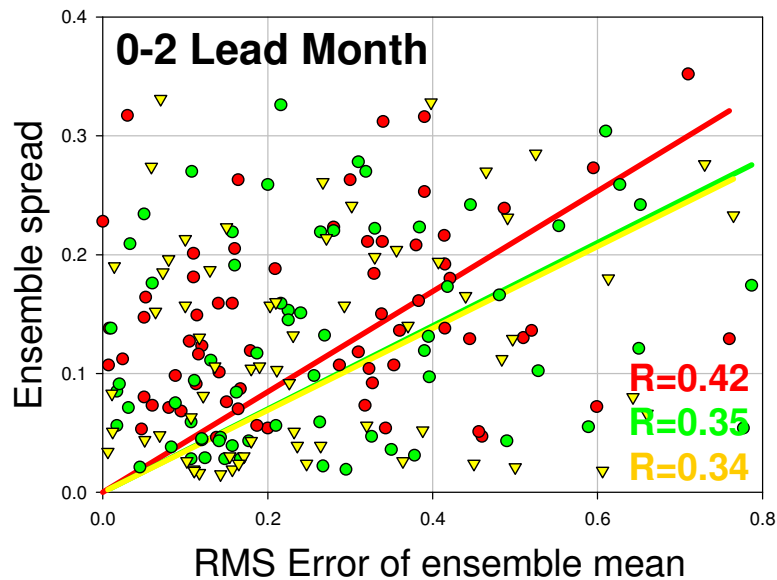
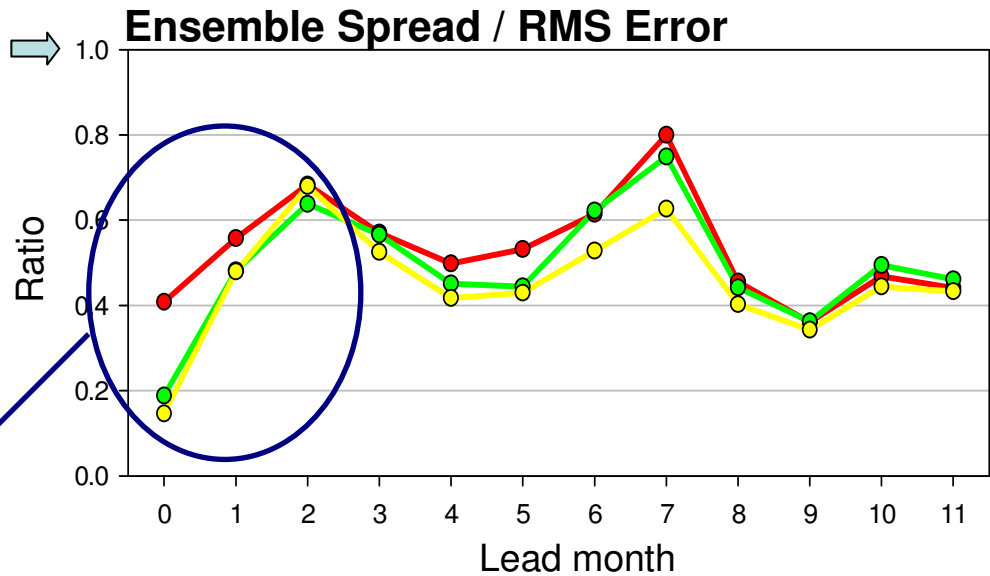


Lines : Ensemble Mean, Symbols : Ensemble members

Evaluate of multi-reanalysis initialization

Skill-Spread Relation
Nino3.4 SST Anomaly

Ideal Value →



Multi-reanalysis initialization improves ensemble spread early in forecast

Summary

- ❖ 6 ocean reanalysis products are used as input for 2DVar ocean data assimilation for providing diversity in ocean initial condition.
- ❖ Ocean data assimilation improves the forecast skill.
- ❖ Initialization by assimilation of multi-reanalysis ensemble improves ensemble spread and skill, compared to traditional ensemble generation strategies.