Coupled Seasonal Forecasting at CCCma

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Canadian Centre for Climate Modelling and Analysis

Funded by the Canadian Foundation for Climate and Atmospheric Sciences

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Environnement Canada

Dynamical Seasonal Forecasting in Canada

Canadian Clivar Network 2001-2007

- Historical Forecast Project (HFP)
 - 6-run ensembles, 2 models (GCM2, SEF)
 - persisted SSTs
 - Current operational system (SEF \rightarrow GEM in 2004)
- HFP2
 - 10-run ensembles, 4 models (GCM2, GCM3, SEF, GEM)
 - persisted SSTs
 - Operational Fall 2007
- Begin development of *coupled* forecast capability at CCCma
 - prognostic SSTs, enabling longer leads

GOAPP

Coupled Historical Forecast Project (CHFP)



Dynamical Seasonal Forecasting in Canada

Canadian Clivar Network 2001-2007

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 - 6-run ensembles, 2 models (GCM2, SEF)
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3 month outlook lead 0 mo

3 month outlook

lead 0, 1 mo

- HFP2
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 - Operational Fall 2007
- Initial development of *coupled* forecast capability at CCCma
 - prognostic SSTs, enabling longer leads

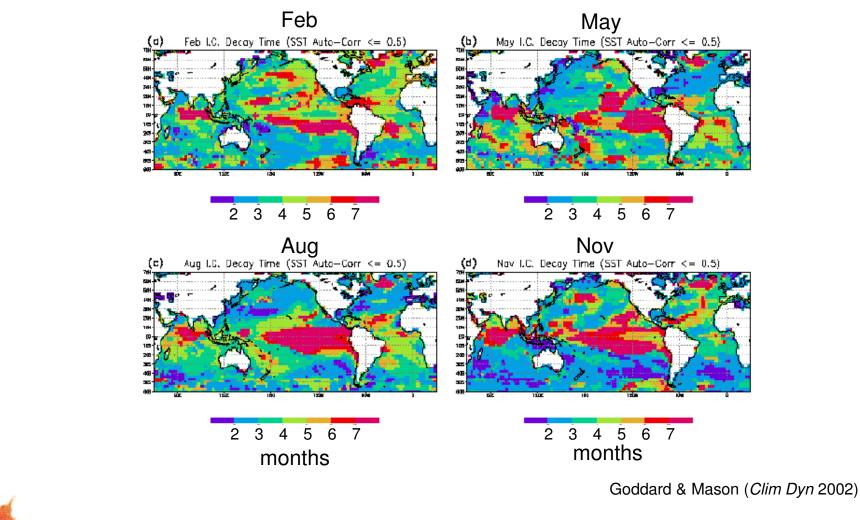
GOAPP

Coupled Historical Forecast Project (CHFP)



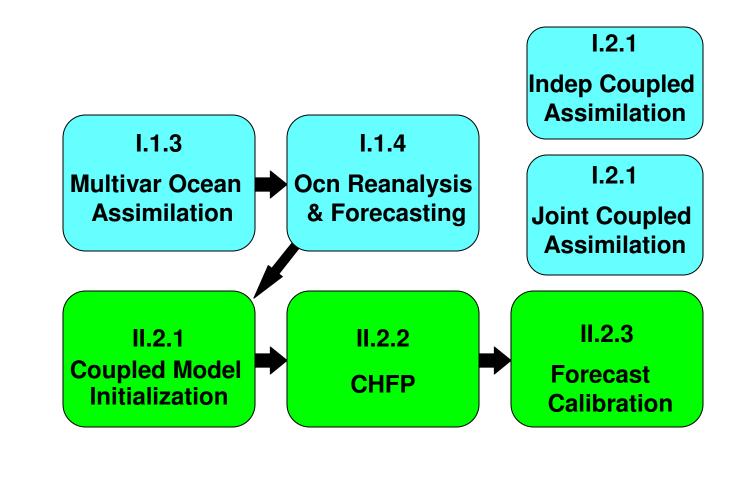
Observed SST autocorrelation time scale

Months before autocorrelation < 0.5 :

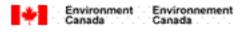




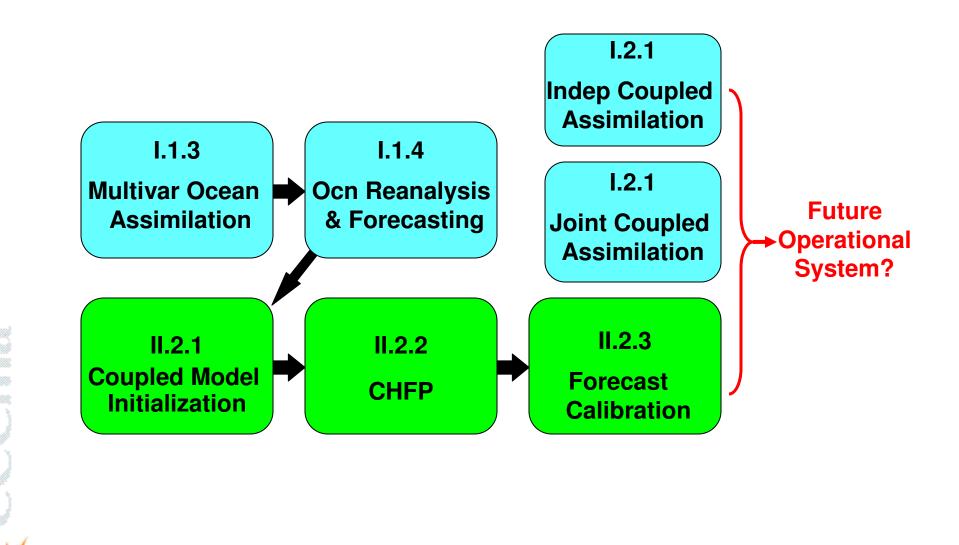
CHFP Role within GOAPP



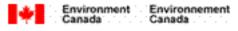
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CHFP Role within GOAPP

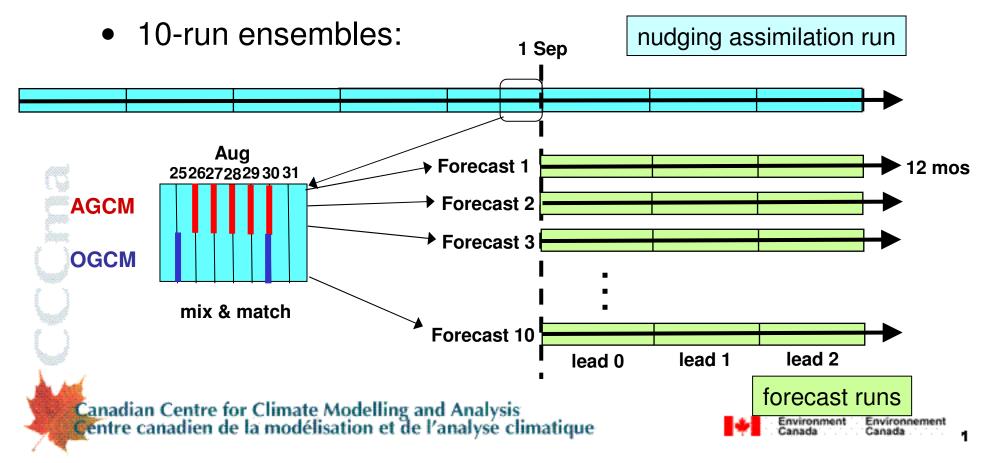


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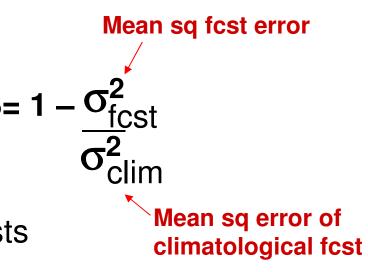
CHFP *Prototype*

- CGCM3.1 (T63)
- Ocean initialization via SST "nudging" to obs $\tau = 10d$
- Initialize 1 Sep, 1 Dec, 1 Mar, 1 Jun 1972/3-2001/2

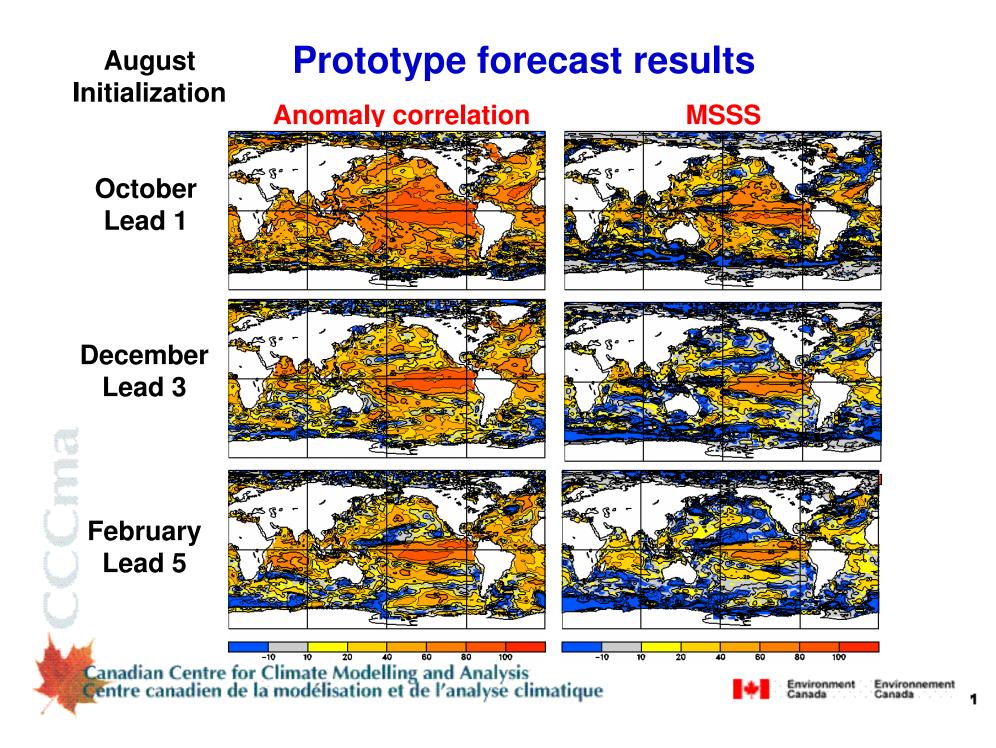


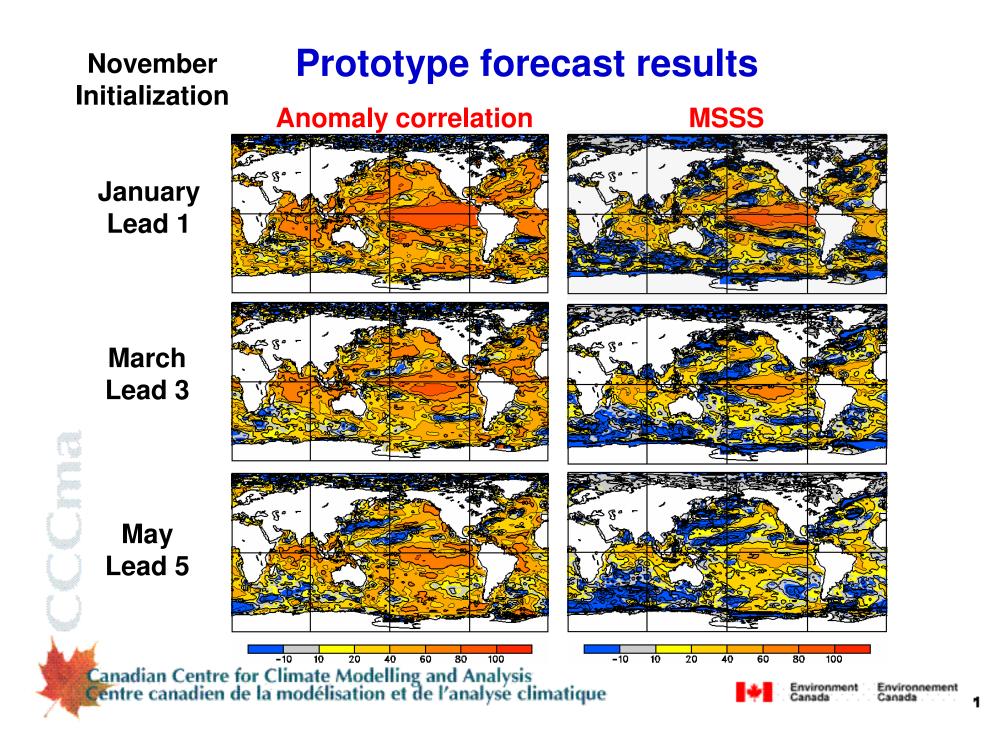
Forecast methodology/verification

- Bias correction from 30y forecast climatology
- Verify by computing
 - anomaly correlation
 - mean-square skill score: MSSS= 1 O
 - \rightarrow > 0 if more skillful than climatological forecast
 - % correct of categorical forecasts
 - Brier skill score, etc.









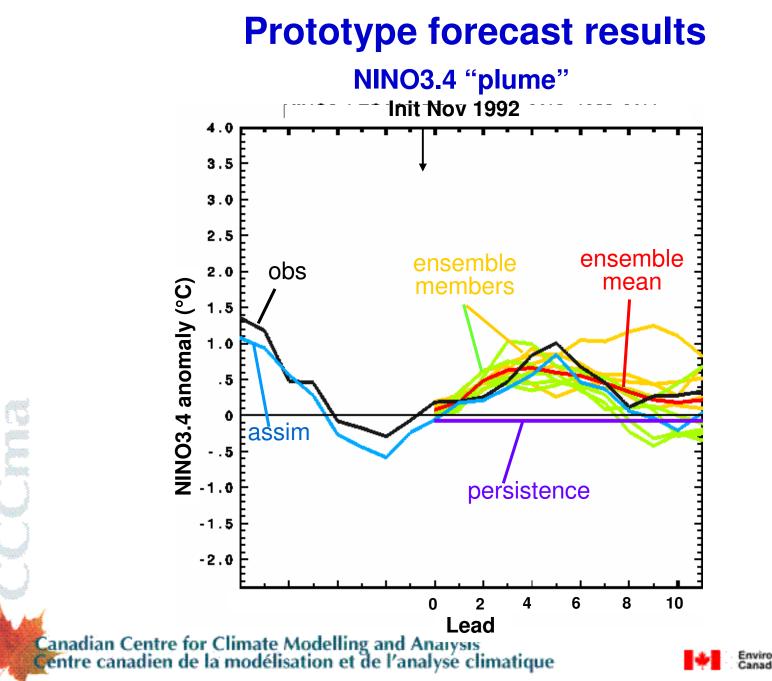
Prototype forecast results

NINO3.4 "plume"

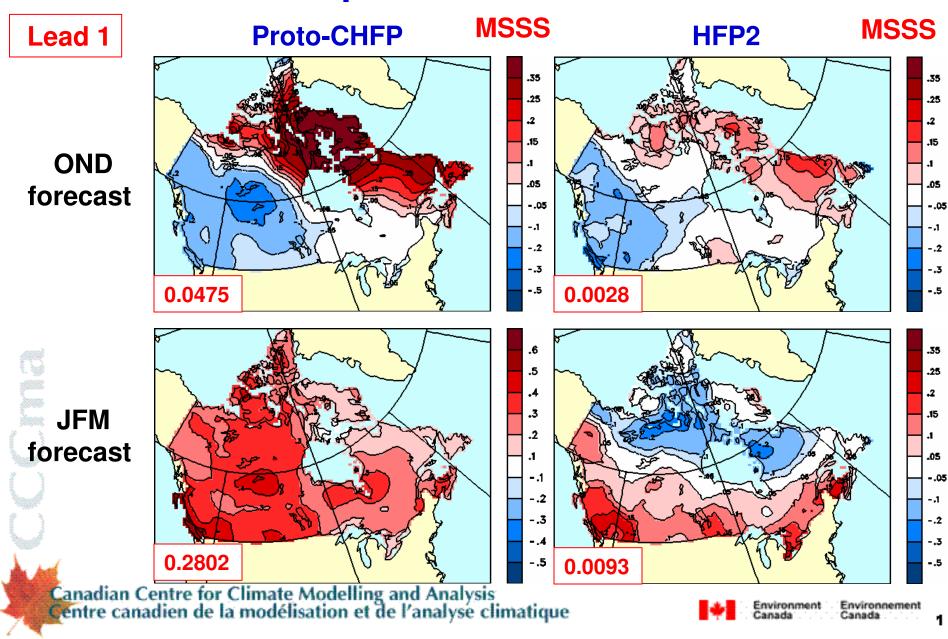
Nino3.4 region 30N · 25N 20N 15N-10N -5N-EQ 5S -10S -15S · 20S -25S 30S + 30E 90E 120E 150W 120W 90W 6ÓE 150E 180

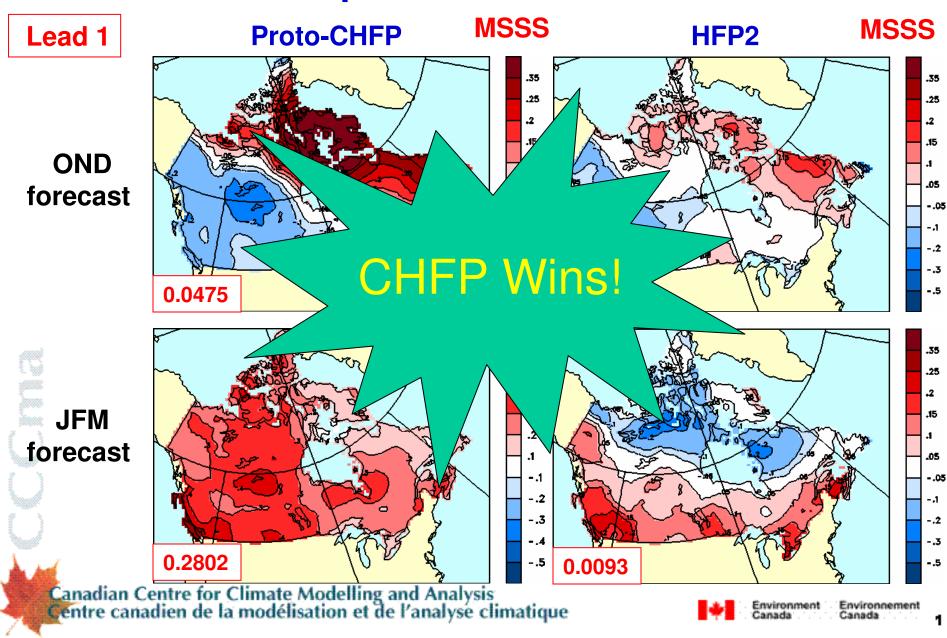
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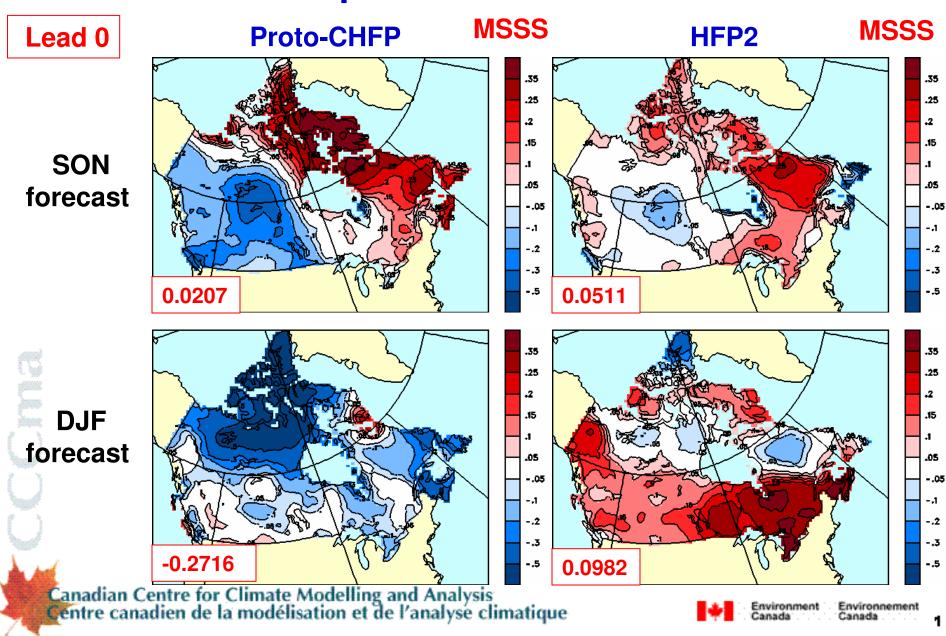
Environment Environnement Canada Canada



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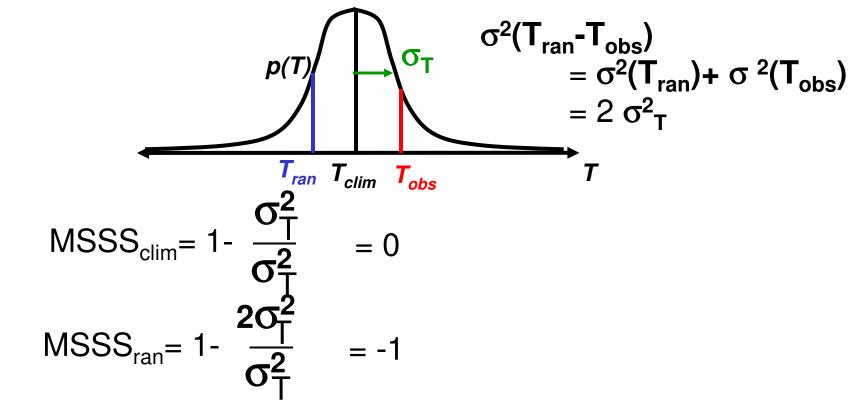






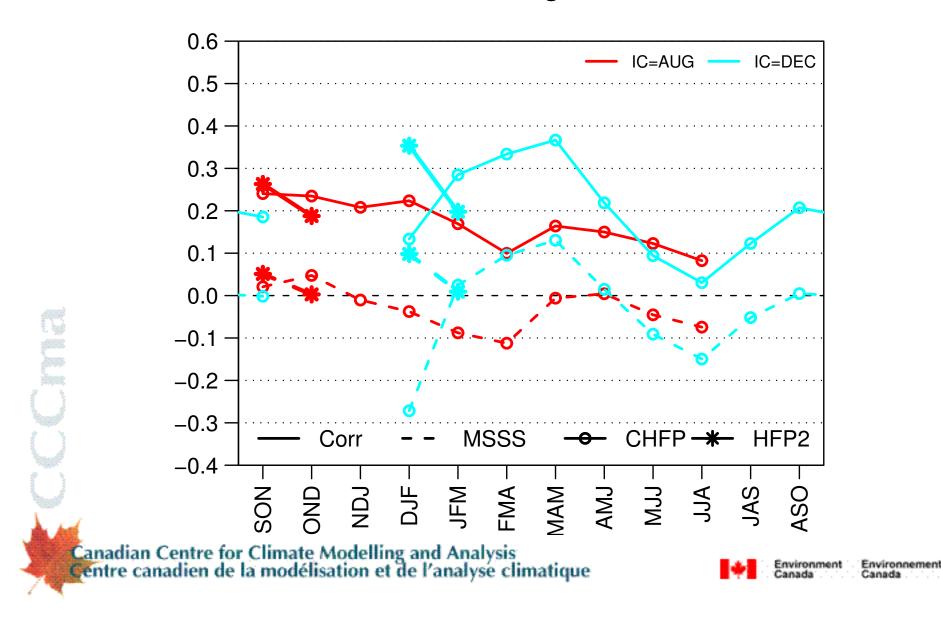
Why proto-CHFP loses to HFP2 at lead 0

- HFP2 initialized by atmospheric reanalysis→close to "truth"
- Proto-CHFP atmospheric IC have incorrect "weather"

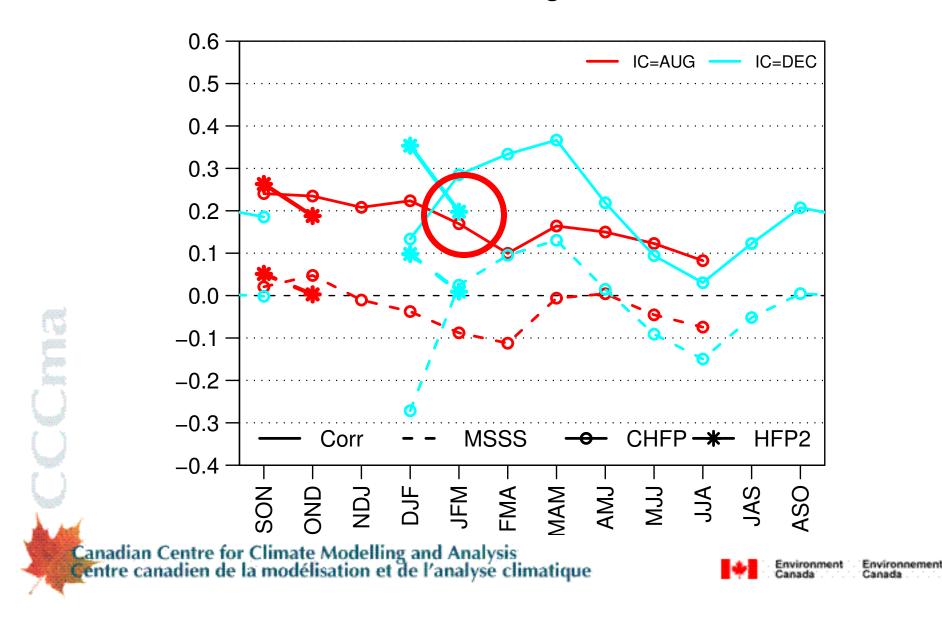


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TAS Canada, cangrd, 1972–2001



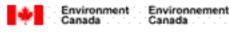
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Proto-CHFP vs HFP2

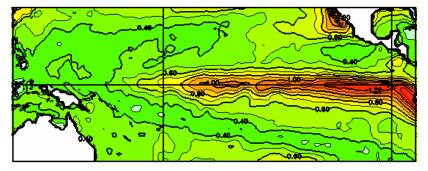
- Proto-CHFP outperforms HFP2 @ lead 1, even though
 - 10 run × 1 model ensemble, vs 10 run × 4 models
 - simple ocean initialization
 - forecast NINO3.4 beaten by persistence until lead ≈ 7
 - CGCM3.1 ENSO SST variability weak, concentrated in central rather then E Pacific

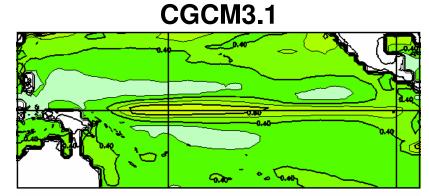
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Standard deviation of anomalous monthly SST

Observations 1950-99

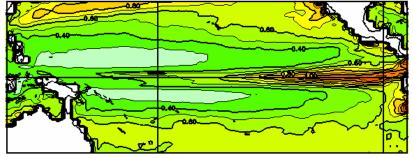


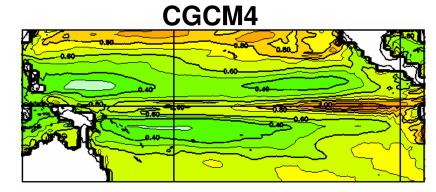






AGCM3 + OGCM4



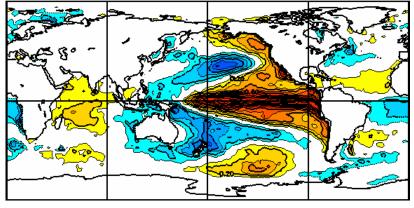


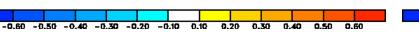


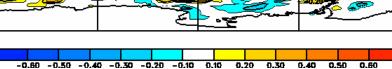
Regression of annual mean SST vs NINO3.4

Observations 1950-99

CGCM3.1





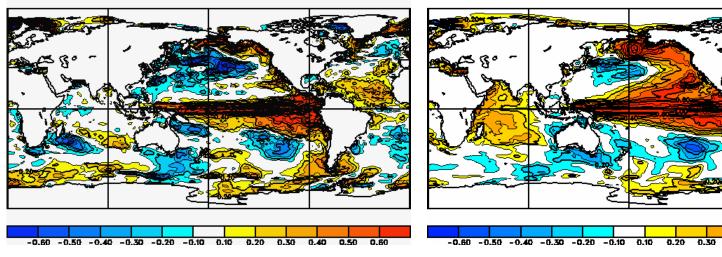


AGCM3 + OGCM4

CGCM4

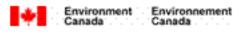
0.50 0.60

0.40



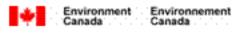
What's next

- Newer CGCM version
- Initialize AGCM with obs as in HFP, HFP2
- Ocean data assimilation
 - 2D Var (Tang et al. *JGR* 2004)
 - Semi-prognostic method (Greatbatch et al. *Ocean Modelling* 2006)
 - Spectral nudging (Thompson et al. *Ocean Modelling* 2006)
- Multiple input reanalyses: NCEP SODA GFDL +Theme I?



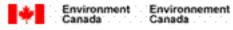
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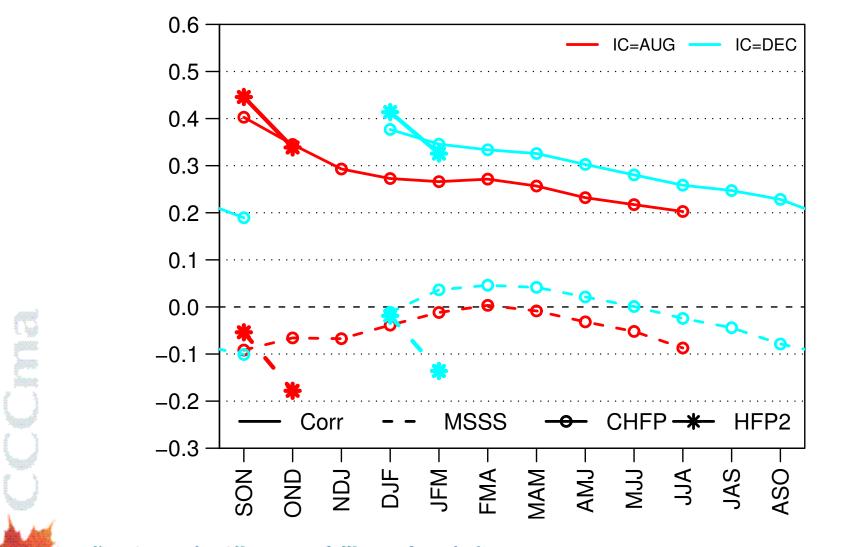
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- Task Force of Seasonal Prediction → TFSP Experiment: multi-model ensemble of retrospective coupled forecasts



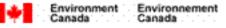


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Prototype SST forecast vs persistence

